1	Robert J. Lauson, Esq., SBN 175,486		
2	bob@lauson.com		
2	LAUSON & TARVER LLP 880 Apollo Street, Suite 301		
3	El Segundo, California 90245 Tel. (310) 726-0892		
4			
5	Attorneys for Plaintiff, Voice International, Inc.		
6	davidgrober1@gmail.com 578 West Washington Blvd., Suite 866 Marina Del Rev. CA 90292		
7			
8			
9	Plaintiff, Pro se		
10	James E. Doroshow, Esq. SBN 112,920		
11	jodoroshow@foxrothschild.com Ashe Puri, Esq. SBN 297,814		
12	apuri@foxrothschild.com FOX ROTHSCHILD LLP		
13	1800 Century Park East, Suite 300 Los Angeles, CA 90067-1506		
14	Tel. (310) 598-4150		
15	1 4.11 (6 10) 66 0 9 0 2 0		
16	Oppenheimer Camera Products, Inc.,		
17	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
18	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA WESTERN DIVISION		
19	VOICE INTERNATIONAL, INC., a	Case No.: 2:15-cv-08830-JAK(KS)	
20	California corporation; DAVID GROBER, an individual,		
21	Plaintiffs,	Amended Joint Rule 26(f) Report	
22	,	Date: March 14, 2106 Time: 8:30 a.m.	
23	VS.	Place: Courtroom 750	
24	OPPENHEIMER CINE RENTAL, LLC, a Washington corporation; OPPENHEIMER CAMERA	Los Angeles - Roybal	
25	PRODUCTS, INC., a Washington		
	corporation; MARTY OPPENHEIMER, an individual;		
26	and DOES 1- 10, inclusive,		
27	Defendants		
28			

Pursuant to Rule 26(a)(1) and 26(f) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Court's Scheduling Conference Order Issued on January 14, 2016, Plaintiffs Voice International and David Grober ("Plaintiffs") and Defendants Oppenheimer Cine Rental, LLC, Oppenheimer Camera Products, Inc., and Marty Oppenheimer ("Defendants") jointly report to the Court.

A. Statement of The Case

1. Plaintiff's Statement

Plaintiff David Grober is an individual and his company Voice International, Inc., a California corporation, is doing business as Motion Picture Marine.

Defendant Oppenheimer Cine Rentals, along with Oppenheimer Camera Products, are Washington companies with offices in the Seattle area. They are engaged in the business of producing, distributing, selling and renting film and video production equipment including camera stabilizers. Defendant Marty Oppenheimer is the owner of Oppenheimer Cine Rental and Oppenheimer Camera Products and an individual personally involved in and coordinates, supports and/or directs the alleged infringing activities of the other Defendants.

Plaintiffs' U.S. Patent No. 6,611,662 "Autonomous, Self Leveling, Self Correcting Stabilized Platform" describes and claims a stabilizer for keeping a camera stable on a moving platform, such as a boat. Grober won both Academy and Emmy awards for technical achievement for the invention. The '662 patent is the subject of *Grober v. Mako Products, Inc.*, currently pending in this District as case no. 2:04-cv-08604. The validity of the '662 patent was previously affirmed in U. S. Patent Office reexamination proceeding no. 95/000,092.

Defendants rent and or sell the Makohead device thereby infringing the '662 patent. From at least 2011 to the present, Defendants have rented, used, and/or rented out and sold the infringing MakoHead to video and film productions located in this District and elsewhere and have received over \$120,000 in income from their infringing activities. Defendants willfully infringed the '662 patent, with full

6 7 8

10 11 12

9

14 15 16

13

17 18

19 20

21 22

23

24

25 26

27

28

knowledge of the earlier filed *Grober v. Mako Products* case still pending in this judicial district in which Oppenheimer Cine Rental was originally a named Defendant. The case is before visiting Judge Zouhary from the Northern District of Ohio, Toledo, with trial set for May 14, 2016.

Defendants previously withheld evidence, and made false and misleading statements concerning their infringing activities, including stating they had no documents relating to sales or rentals of the MakoHead. But Plaintiffs now have documents produced by other parties in the *Grober v. Mako Products* case showing Defendants engaged in renting the accused MakoHead device on multiple occasions. Plaintiffs have been and are now being damaged by Defendants infringing the '662 patent, entitling Plaintiffs to monetary and injunctive relief.

Below, Defendants contend that because Oppenheimer was dismissed for lack of personal jurisdiction in 2008, that somehow means Defendants can never be required to answer to Plaintiff in this judicial district. The law is otherwise. As per Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, personal jurisdiction over Defendants is established by their 2011 - 2015 infringing acts in this judicial district, including those of Marty Oppenheimer. Under the patent law, it is not necessary for Plaintiff to pierce the corporate veil or prove Mr. Oppenheimer is the alter ego of the corporate entities, to make out an infringement claim against him. Given Defendants' unreasonable refusal to participate in the discovery plan below and attached, the Court should adopt Plaintiff's dates.

2. **Defendant's Statement**

This lawsuit marks the second time Plaintiffs Voice International, Inc. and David Grober ("Plaintiffs") have filed a lawsuit against Defendant Oppenheimer Cine Rental, LLC. ("Oppenheimer Cine Rental") in this District alleging patent infringement associated with the MakoHead stabilizer equipment. In the first lawsuit, United States District Court for the CD Cal. Case No. 04-cv-8604-JZA

(OPX) ("Oppenheimer I"), this Court dismissed the lawsuit against Oppenheimer Cine Rental for lack of personal jurisdiction. Plaintiffs thereafter lost an appeal to the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals. The Federal Circuit held, among others, that Plaintiffs "did not show that out of hundreds of available products, the accused Makohead, was ever shipped to California." See *Grober*, 686 F.3d at 1346.

Since the time the District Court and Federal Circuit issued their opinions in Oppenheimer I, nothing has changed in the way Oppenheimer Cine Rentals supplies its MakoHead stabilizers which would warrant this Court exercising jurisdiction over Oppenheimer Cine Rental. As before, as shown in Defendants' pending Motion to Dismiss which this Court is scheduled to hear on March 14, 2016, Oppenheimer Cine Rental supplies the MakoHead stabilizer in the States of Washington, Oregon, Alaska and British Columbia, irrespective of where the company's clients are based. Oppenheimer Cine Rental does not supply the MakoHead stabilizers for use in California. The decisions of the District Court and Federal Circuit in Oppenheimer I so held and nothing has changed since the time they were decided. In fact, Oppenheimer Cine Rental does not avail itself of any of the benefits or protections of California law in its business dealings with its customers. In fact, all of its equipment rental agreements expressly state that any dispute arising between the parties are governed solely under the laws of the State of Washington with venue in the event of a dispute in Kings County, Washington.

Plaintiffs have also now named new Defendants in this second lawsuit, including Oppenheimer Camera Products, Inc. ("Oppenheimer Camera Products") and Marty Oppenheimer himself individually. However, for its part, Oppenheimer Camera Products is a dealer of products manufactured by third parties, but has never served as a dealer of Mako Products (much less sold such Products in California). In fact, this separate company is also a Washington based company and not subject to jurisdiction in California. Nor is Marty Oppenheimer, who is a resident of the State of Washington. While Plaintiffs now argue in their Opposition

to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss that Oppenheimer Camera Products is allegedly the same as or interchangeable with Oppenheimer Cine Rental and Marty Oppenheimer is allegedly the alter ego of Oppenheimer Cine Rental, even if these unsubstantiated allegations were true (which they are not), this would still not mean either of these two new Defendants are subject to jurisdiction in this Court. The reason is obvious – i.e., if Oppenheimer Cine Rental is not subject to jurisdiction in California neither are Oppenheimer Camera Products are Marty Oppenheimer based upon the claim they should be treated as if they were the same as Oppenheimer Cine Rental. Also, while Plaintiffs now make the "argument" in their Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss that these new Defendants are the same or alter egos of Oppenheimer Cine Rental, this is not pled in Plaintiffs' Complaint. As such, there are no grounds alleged in the Complaint to support any such claim or to assert jurisdiction over these two new Defendants now.

For these reasons, this case should be dismissed with prejudice once and for all when this Court hears Defendants' Motion to Dismiss on March 14, 2016. Until then, it is premature to schedule any further deadlines in this case.

B. Subject Matter Jursidiction

This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

C. Legal Issues

- 1. Does accused Makohead infringe the patent-in-suit?
- 2. Are Defendants liable for infringement?
- 3. What damages should be awarded Plaintiff?
- 4. Are Defendants subject to personal jurisdiction in this Court?

Parties and Non-Party Witnesses D. 1 1. Plaintiff's key witness is David Grober. 2 2. Defendants key witness is Marty Oppenheimer. 3 4 **E. Damages** 5 Plaintiff seeks lost profits as well as actual damages Plaintiff sustained as a 6 7 consequence of Defendants' knowing and willful acts of patent infringement, in an 8 amount not yet determined but that will be ascertained during discovery. Plaintiff also seeks enhanced (treble) damages and attorney's fees. 9 Defendants deny liability and deny Plaintiffs are entitled to any damages in 10 11 this action. 12 F. Insurance 13 None believed applicable at this time. 14 15 **Non-Dispositive Motions** G. 16 None. 17 18 H. **Manual For Complex Litigation** 19 Not applicable. 20 21 **Status of Discovery** I. 22 Discovery has commenced. Plaintiffs already served a first set of document 23 requests. 24 Defendants believe discovery should be stayed pending a decision on 25 Defendants' motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction. 26 27

28

Plaintiff seeks documents regarding Defendant's total sales and rentals of the

MakoHead, including profit statements and customer invoices. Plaintiff also seeks

Oceanic Production Equipment), other rental houses renting the Makohead, as well

The parties anticipate Rule 30(b)(6) depositions of each other by August

There are no other applicable discovery rules or limitations that need to be

2016. Plaintiff will seek to depose at least Marty Oppenheimer and Jordan Klein,

Defendants believe discovery should be stayed pending a decision on

Plaintiff proposes that the final day for completion of fact and expert

Defendants propose that no discovery cut-off date should be set until the

Jr., Jordan Klein, Sr. and John Dann as to operative events.

Defendants' motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction.

all communications between Defendants, the manufacturer Mako Products (now

1 2

J. **Discovery Plan**

changed or imposed.

as with Defendants' customers.

4 5

3

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13 14

15

16 17 K.

18

19

20

21

23

24

25

26

27

28

22

L. **Expert Discovery Cut-Off**

Discovery Cut-off

Plaintiff proposes the following expert discovery cut-off dates:

Initial expert witness disclosures October 3, 2016. 1.

discovery, including all discovery motions, be November 15, 2016.

Court rules on Defendants' motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction.

- 2. Rebuttal expert witness disclosures October 17, 2016.
- 3. Expert discovery cut-off November 19, 2016.

Defendants propose that no expert discovery cut-off date should be set until the Court rules on Defendants' motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction.

7

M. Dispositive Motions

345

Plaintiff anticipates making a summary adjudication motion following some discovery. Plaintiff will move for summary adjudication that the accused Makohead product infringes the patent-in-suit.

Defendant believes this Court should dismiss this action for lack of personal

6 7

jurisdiction over any named Defendant.

8

9

N. Settlement/Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)

1011

No settlement negotiations have occurred so far.

12

Plaintiff proposes completion of mediation by September 12, 2016. Plaintiff further proposes ADR procedure No. 1, the parties appearing before a magistrate judge.

13 14

15

16

Defendant believes it is premature to schedule ADR proceedings until the Court determines whether any Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this Court.

17

O. Trial Estimate

19

18

Jury trial lasting 4 days.

2021

Defendant believes it is premature to schedule trial until the Court determines whether any Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction.

22

P. Trial Counsel

24

23

For Plaintiffs: Robert J. Lauson and/or a trial attorney to be named; David Grober, pro se for himself.

2526

For Defendant: James E.Dorshow

27

28

Q. Independent Expert Or Master

1	Not applicable.			
2	R. Timetable			
3	See Exhibit A attached.			
4		Defendant believes it is premature to schedule ADR proceedings until the		
5	Court determines whether any Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this			
6	Court.			
7	S. Other Issues			
8	None.			
9	T. Patent Cases: Dates for claim construction and Markman hearings are found			
10	in Exhibit A. Given Defendant already participated in a Markman hearing in the			
11	case Grober v. Mako Products, a second Markman hearing may be inappropriate.			
12	U. Magistrate Judge			
13	The parties decline to consent.			
14 15		Res	spectively Submitted,	
16	DAT	TED: March 9, 2016 LAUSON	& TARVER LLP	
17				
18		$\frac{\mathrm{By}}{\mathrm{Pol}}$	/s/ Robert J. Lauson	
19		Att VC	pert J. Lauson, Esq. orney for Plaintiff VICE INTERNATIONAL	
20		VC	TCE INTERNATIONAL	
21				
22	DAT		vid Grober	
23		In	Pro Per	
24				
25	DAT	ΓED: March 9, 2016 FO	X ROTHSCHILD, LLP	
26		By	: /s/	
27		Jan Att	nes E. Doroshow, Esq. orney for Defendant PENHEIMER CINE RENTAL	
28		OP	PENHEIMER CINE RENTAL	